

about 5 cm. long, 7 mm. broad, the lobes suborbicular, about 3.5 mm. in diameter; filaments finely pubescent below, pilose above with hairs 2 mm. long; staminodes 2 cm. long, slender and pilose above; ovary glabrous; style 5 cm. long, rather densely pilose below with hairs 0.5 mm. long, glabrous above.

Type in the U. S. National Herbarium, no. 1,358,997, collected in dense forest of the Schunke Hacienda, above San Ramón, Department of Junín, Peru, altitude 1,400 to 1,700 meters, June 8, 1929 by E. P. Killip and A. C. Smith (no. 24640).

This differs from *S. peruviana* in its yellow flowers and long slender pilose staminodes.

**18. *Sanchezia rubriflora* Leonard, sp. nov.**

Frutex, ramis tetragonis glabris; foliis oblongo-ellipticis vel leviter obovatis glabris, apice acuminatis, basi acutis, margine integerrimo vel leviter crenato; spica terminali; bracteis infimis lanceolatis acuminatis, summis ovatis obtusis rubris; bracteolis oblongis obtusis; calycis laciniis paullum inaequalibus angustis oblongo-ovatis apice rotundatis glabris; corolla rubra glabra vel lobis apice parce pilosis; staminodiis angustis, basi tomentosis apice glabris.

Shrub 2 or 3 meters high; stem quadrangular, glabrous; petioles up to 4 cm. long, glabrous; leaf blades oblong-elliptic or slightly obovate, up to 25 cm. long, 12 cm. wide, acuminate at apex, acute or acutish at base, entire or shallowly crenate, glabrous (nerves and midrib bright yellow in *Macbride* 4665); inflorescence a terminal spike, the lowermost internode up to 9 cm. long, the others successively shorter, those near the tip hidden by the bracts; lowest pair of bracts lanceolate, 2 cm. long, 2 cm. wide near the base, gradually narrowed to a slender tip, the upper bracts ovate, smaller, obtuse, all red and glabrous; bractlets oblong, obtuse; flowers several in each axil; calyx segments subequal, narrowly oblong-ovate, 1.8 to 2 cm. long, 3 to 5 mm. wide, rounded at tip, glabrous; corolla red, glabrous or with a few hairs near tip of lobes, 4 to 5 cm. long, 2 mm. in diameter at base, 7 mm. wide above base, the lobes 3 mm. long, 2.5 mm. wide, emarginate; stamens 4 to 5 cm. long, the filaments white-tomentose below, sparingly pilose above with hairs 1 mm. long; staminodes linear, about 10 mm. long, white-tomentose below, glabrous above; ovary and style glabrous, or the style bearing a few long hairs near base.

Type in the U. S. National Herbarium, no. 1,460,617, collected in dense forest at Cahuapanas, Río Pichis, Department of Junín, Peru, altitude about 340 meters, July 20, 1929, by E. P. Killip and A. C. Smith (no. 26768).

*Additional Peruvian specimens examined.*—

LORETO: La Victoria, Amazon River, *Williams* 2880.

HUÁNUCO: Pozuzo, *Macbride* 4665.

This closely resembles *S. munita*, of western Brazil, but that species has staminodes about 2 mm. long (not 10 mm. long or more, as in *S. rubriflora*). *Macbride's* no. 4665 was erroneously cited in my previous paper as *S. peruviana*.

**19. *Sanchezia pulchra* Leonard, sp. nov.**

Frutex, ramis tetragonis glabris; foliis obovatis glabris, basi cuneatis, apice breviter acuminatis, margine crasse crenato-dentato; spica terminali; bracteis infimis lanceolatis glabris, reliquiis ovatis glabris rubris; bracteolis oblongis obtusis; calycis laciniis inaequalibus spathulatis; corolla luteo-

rubra glabra, lobis apice pilosis exceptis; staminodiis basi tomentosis, apice glabris.

Suffrutescent, 1 meter high; stem quadrangular, glabrous; petioles up to 6 cm. long, glabrous; leaf blades obovate, up to 30 cm. long, 16 cm. wide, rounded or abruptly narrowed to a short acumen, cuneate at base, coarsely crenate-dentate, glabrous; inflorescence a terminal spike, the flowers clustered in the axil of the bracts, the lowermost internode up to 5 cm. long, the others partially hidden by bracts and flowers; lowermost bracts lanceolate, up to 7 cm. long, 2.5 cm. wide near base and gradually narrowed to tip, the others ovate, acute, all dark red and glabrous; bractlets oblong, obtuse at apex; calyx segments unequal, spatulate, 1.4 cm. long, 3 to 4 mm. wide toward the rounded tip, gradually narrowed to 2 mm. at base, glabrous, the margin subscariosus; corolla orange-red, glabrous except for a tuft of hairs at tip of lobes and a white tomentum at insertion of stamens, 4 to 4.5 cm. long, the tube 2 mm. broad, the throat 6 to 8 mm. broad, the lobes about 3 mm. long and broad, emarginate, reticulate-veined; filaments white-tomentose at base, pilose above with hairs up to 1 mm. long; staminodes 3 to 4 mm. long, white-tomentose except for the glabrous tip; ovary and style glabrous.

Type in the U. S. National Herbarium, no. 1,461,526, collected in dense forest at Puerto Arturo, lower Río Huallaga below Yurimaguas, Peru, August 24, 1929, by E. P. Killip and A. C. Smith (no. 27842).

*Additional Peruvian specimens examined.*—

LORETO: Forest, Mishuayacu, near Iquitos, 100 meters, *Klug* 667. Lower Río Huallaga, 155 to 210 meters, *Williams* 5143.

JUNÍN: Dense forest, Puerto Bermudez, 375 meters, *Killip & Smith* 26447.

This is distinguished from *S. rubriflora* and *S. pulchra* by its large, obovate, coarsely crenate-dentate leaves. It is further differentiated from *S. rubriflora* by its short staminodes.

Killip & Smith's 26447, from Puerto Bermudez, is doubtfully referred to *S. pulchra*. In this specimen the inflorescence is very immature, and the upper pair of leaves have broadly winged, clasping petioles, although the second pair are typically slender-petioled.

20. *Sanchezia stenantha* Leonard, Journ. Washington Acad. Sci. 16: 489. 1926.

Stem quadrangular; petioles slender, 4 to 6 cm. long; leaf blades ovate to oblong-ovate, up to 25 cm. long, 12 cm. wide, acuminate at apex, rounded or obtuse at base, entire or undulate, glabrous; inflorescence a terminal spike (occasionally capitate), the lowermost internode up to 7 cm. long, the others much shorter and hidden by the bracts; bracts ovate, concave, up to 4 cm. long, 2.5 cm. wide, obtuse or acutish at apex, bright red; bractlets oblong-obovate; sepals equal, obovate, narrowed to a slender base, rounded at apex, about 1.5 cm. long, 4 to 8 mm. wide; corolla bright yellow, glabrous (lobes sparingly ciliate), 4 to 5 cm. long, 6 to 7 mm. broad; filaments white-pubescent at base, sparingly pilose above with hairs about 1 mm. long; staminodes 1.3 to 1.4 cm. long, white-pubescent below, glabrous above; style glabrous.

Type collected at Pozuzo, by J. F. Macbride (no. 4634).

*Peruvian specimens examined.*—

HUÁNUCO: Pozuzo, 650 meters, *Macbride* 4634 (type).

JUNÍN: Dense forests, Yapas, Pichis Trail, 1,350 to 1,600 meters, *Killip & Smith* 25472. Thickets, Meriatiriani, Pichis Trail, 500 meters, *Killip & Smith* 26207. Dense forest, Río Paucartambo Valley, near Perene Bridge, 700 meters, *Killip & Smith* 25287.

A well-marked species, easily recognized by the ovate, nearly entire leaf blades with rounded bases, and by the large compact spike of bright yellow flowers.

21. *Sanchezia killipii* Leonard, sp. nov.

Frutex, ramis tetragonis glabris; foliis oblongo-ellipticis glabris utrinque acutis, margine undulato; spica terminali; bracteis acutis glabris; bracteolis oblongis obtusis; calycis laciniis oblongis inaequalibus obtusis glabris; corolla lutea glabra; staminodiis basi tomentosis, apice pilosis.

Shrub about 1 meter high; stem quadrangular, glabrous; petioles up to 1.5 cm. long, glabrous; leaf blades oblong-elliptic, up to 18 cm. long, 7 cm. wide, narrowed at both ends, glabrous, entire or shallowly undulate; inflorescence a terminal spike, the flowers clustered in the axils of the bracts (sometimes short secondary spikes present in the axils of the lower bracts), the lowermost internode 3.5 cm. long, the others successively shorter, about equaling the flower clusters; bracts (lowermost pair not seen) ovate, up to 2.2 cm. long, 1.8 cm. wide, acute, glabrous; bractlets oblong, obtuse; calyx segments oblong, subequal, 1.8 to 2 cm. long, 4 to 6 mm. wide, obtuse at apex, narrowed at base, glabrous; corolla yellow, glabrous except for a white tomentum at insertion of stamens, 4 cm. long, 3 mm. wide at base, 9 mm. wide at middle, 6 mm. wide at mouth, the lobes 3 mm. long, 3.5 mm. wide, emarginate; filaments white-tomentose at base, pilose above with hairs up to 2 mm. long; staminodes about 15 mm. long, white-tomentose below, pilose above, the hairs most numerous and longest just below the slightly enlarged curved tip; ovary and style glabrous.

Type in the U. S. National Herbarium, no. 1,462,404, collected in dense forests of Santa Rosa, lower Río Huallaga below Yurimaguas, Peru, altitude about 135 meters, Sept. 4, 1929, by E. P. Killip and A. C. Smith (no. 28967).

In the character of the staminodes this species agrees with *S. flava*, but can be distinguished by its well-defined, wingless petioles.

ENTOMOLOGY.—*New species of Sphingidae and Saturniidae in the U. S. National Museum.*<sup>1</sup> W. SCHAUS, Bureau of Entomology.

(Communicated by HAROLD MORRISON.)

The new species described herein have been received within recent times and are a valuable addition to the national collections. They include 15 new species, one subspecies, two races, and one aberration.

### SPHINGIDAE

#### *Protoparce camposi*, new species

Male.—Palpi iron gray above, white underneath. Head, collar, and tegulae iron gray; a white spot at base of antenna and at side of neck. Thorax dark olive gray. Abdomen above black, thickly mottled with white and

<sup>1</sup> Received January 13, 1932.



pinkish buff scales, leaving a dorsal interrupted black line and subdorsal white spots; three large lateral chrome spots on basal segments, broadly edged sublaterally with black; sublateral segmental white lines connected by a wavy white line; venter whitish with transverse gray bands. Fore wing fuscous black; a short white basal line from subcostal to below cell, a patch of white hairs at base of inner margin; an antemedial white lunular line, outbent on costa, outangled in cell and inbent to inner margin preceded by some fine white lines to submedian fold and diverging on costa; medial area with some grayish and faint cinnamon irrorations; a wavy jet black line follows the antemedial, and a dentate similar line precedes the postmedial, and consists partly of cuneiform spots; a small white spot on discocellular; postmedial line narrow, white, lunular dentate edged with jet black almost vertical from costa, inbent below vein 4, followed by diffuse grayish and cinnamon scaling to the black lunular dentate subterminal line; a wavy black line, from the subterminal at vein 6 to apex, mottled above with white and gray and preceded by a fuscous black space expanding at costa; a similar fuscous black spot, from vein 2 to inner margin at tornus, edged outwardly with white; a broken marginal black line partly defined by white scaling; some grayish shading on termen; cilia black with white spots on interspaces. Hind wing fuscous black; an antemedial white patch from costa to below cell; a postmedial series of small white spots forming a distinct line below middle, upcurved at inner margin, with two other curved short white lines above it on inner margin, all separated by black lines; the postmedial spots edged above by a dentate black line and some very small white spots; cilia white at anal angle, otherwise black with white spots. Fore wing below with fuscous streaks in and below cell; costa and outer half thickly irrorated with white scales; a white line on discocellular; postmedial line black edged with white, more distinctly on inner side; some white scaling at apex. Hind wing below: Base white irrorated with deep mouse gray; a fuscous dentate medial line; postmedial line broader, black, deeply dentate, edged with white, on basal side the white edged by a fine dark line; termen thickly irrorated with white.

Expanse, 118 mm.

Habitat—Ecuador.

Type—Cat. No. 34401, U. S. N. M.

**Protoparce florestan ishkal**, new subspecies .

Male.—Palpi white, tipped with pale smoke gray. Head, thorax, and fore wing pale smoke gray; a fine black line from shoulders curved at front of collar, also extending below shoulder as a thick black line along outer edge of tegulae. Abdomen above mottled with dark scales; segmental black lines; subdorsal black spots on basal segment; a lateral black line expanding at segmental lines, except on three terminal segments; a sublateral fine fuscous line; body below white with ventral fuscous spots on terminal segments. Fore wing irrorated with fine black scales, in places absent, forming whitish edging to the postmedial lines, also to the antemedial line proximally; a black basal and a subbasal spot on costa, and an intermediate spot near base of cell; antemedial line lunular, inbent below cell; medial line double, lunular, black, outcurved, below cell fainter inbent, parallel with antemedial, incurved to near base on inner margin; a white point on discocellular, followed by an interrupted black line crenulate below vein 4 to inner margin; postmedial line outcurved, triple below vein 5, finely crenulate and incurved below vein 4,



partly edged with white towards inner margin; subterminal line outbent from costa to vein 6, where it is connected with the apex by an irregular black line, below vein 6 the line crenulate on interspaces and disconnected; small marginal black lunules at veins 3 and 4; cilia white with black spots at veins. Hind wing: Costa whitish to postmedial line; basal third benzo brown; thick fuscous black streaks from base below cell and before inner margin to medial line; inner margin cinnamon drab; medial line broad, fuscous black, excurved and downcurved at inner margin followed below vein 5 by whitish and crossed by a downcurved fine black line at inner margin; postmedial line broad from costa, fuscous black, suffusing with the fuscous termen to vein 5, diminishing in width towards anal angle; termen from below vein 5 broadly pale smoke gray; cilia as on fore wing. Wings below with the termen broadly dark cinnamon drab with fine whitish irrorations on outer half. Fore wing: Costa grayish; inner margin from cell and to postmedial line whitish; postmedial outcurved at costa and inbent, parallel with termen, benzo brown, edged on either side with whitish. Hind wing white with dark irrorations on costa, in cell, and beyond medial line, the latter thick, benzo brown, irregular, and somewhat dentate; postmedial line fine, dentate, becoming indistinct towards inner margin. Female the same as male, but the termen of hind wing less extensively gray, but with a broad white patch on inner margin between the two lines.

Expanse, male 100 mm., female 112 mm.

Habitat.—Tehuacan, Mexico.

Type.—Cat. No. 34476, U. S. N. M.

An examination of the genitalia shows this to be a good subspecies of *P. florestan* Cr.

The longitudinal black lines on fore wing of *P. florestan* are entirely absent.

#### **Protoparce florestan cabnal, new race**

Male.—The fore wing with a large medial space mottled cinnamon drab and rufous, irregularly triangular with its apex at vein 2, and with short black streaks on veins 3 and 4 near cell; the subterminal black line is fine wavyly lunular, outwardly with drab scaling and a dentate whitish line, below vein 2 the drab scaling becoming cinnamon drab; cilia white interrupted by black lines.

Expanse, Male 92 mm., female 140 mm.

Habitat.—Jalapa, Mexico; Texas.

Type.—Cat. No. 34477, U. S. N. M.

This race seems confined to the temperate district of Eastern Mexico, extending into Brownsville, Texas.

#### **Ceratomia igualana, new species**

Male.—Palpi fuscous black, heavily fringed with white on first and second joints. Head, thorax, and abdomen above dark drab gray; a velvety black line, medially angled on front of collar, outbent on collar, and continued along outer edge of tegulae and a fine line on dorsal edge of tegulae; meta-thorax somewhat paler; abdomen dorsally with a fine interrupted black line, sub-dorsal whitish points at the lunular black lateral line; abdomen below whitish; thorax below with a lateral broad black line. Fore wing dark drab gray; a white point at base; a fine darker curved subbasal line and a similar double antemedial line; a more distinct black line, closely accompanied by a faint line, outbent from costa before middle to median, then angled and inbent

to inner margin at antemedial line; postmedial line black, outcurved, well marked, below vein 4 inbent to middle of inner margin, and closely followed by a double, fainter, lunular line; subterminal line fine, black, outcurved from costa to vein 4, then slightly incurved; a black streak above veins 2 and 3 from cell to subterminal line; a wavy black streak from subterminal above vein 6 to apex; two shorter streaks from subterminal at veins 3 and 4 with hooks at termen; a white dark-edged point at end of cell. Hind wing fuscous with paler shading on costa and postmedially; short black and white streaks at anal angle. Fore wing below brownish drab; a pale line at discocellular; traces of a postmedial double dark line. Hind wing below somewhat paler than fore wing, the inner margin white from base to near termen; postmedial line faint. Cilia of both wings white with fuscous spots at veins.

Expanse, 57 mm.

Habitat.—Iguala, Mexico.

Type.—Cat. No. 34471, U. S. N. M.

#### *Nannoparce balsa*, new species

Female.—Palpi white, mottled with some fawn-color hairs and with a black streak above. Head and collar mouse gray; a black dorsal line on vertex, expanding on collar. Thorax medially pallid mouse gray; tegulae mouse gray, dorsally edged by a broad black line not reaching tips, outwardly edged with white. Abdomen above mouse gray with a dorsal black line and a subdorsal irregular line; body below white with black tufts at base of fore wing. Fore wing pale mouse gray with slightly darker suffusions; an irregular subbasal fine dark line and a fuscous spot at base of inner margin; a double antemedial fuscous line forming an annulus in cell, very indistinct from below cell; a double medial line from costa, also forming an annulus in cell; postmedial line faint, double, minutely dentate, slightly outbent to vein 4, then incurved, preceded by a darker quadrate spot from veins 5 to 7, crossed by short fuscous streaks; subterminal line outcurved and incurved below vein 4, suffusing with the postmedial; a black line from postmedial above vein 6 to apex; black streaks above veins 3 and 4 from cell to postmedial line; short black streaks on veins at termen crossing the white cilia. Hind wing fuscous gray, the inner margin white; a medial whitish gray shade; terminal shade with darker streaks on interspaces. Fore wing below light drab with faint traces of a postmedial darker line. Hind wing below with the inner margin more broadly white.

Expanse, 70 mm.

Habitat.—Balsas, Mexico.

Type.—Cat. No. 34472, U. S. N. M.

#### *Hyloicus merops monjena*, new race

Male.—Palpi grayish drab, fringed with paler white-tipped hairs. Head and thorax grayish drab. Collar and dorsal half of tegulae benzo brown, finely edged with black, the outer half of tegulae white, mottled with cinnamon drab scales. Abdomen as in *H. merops*. Fore wing thickly mottled white, benzo brown, and light cinnamon drab; a short black line at base of costa and below cell, the latter with some black hairs below it; a broad whitish space below cell to medial line and a narrower buffish streak from cell to postmedial; antemedial line double on costa, the outer part close and parallel

with medial line, deeply outcurved, inangled on pale space where it is cinnamon buff; medial line fine, double, fuscous, deeply outcurved with black points on it at costa and below cell, from vein 2 inbent to inner margin near base; a small whitish spot edged with black and containing a black point on discocellular; no second spot above it; postmedial line very faint, double on costa, with some whitish scales below costa, then deeply excurved, dentate, partly edged proximally with some whitish spots, a very fine black line from it at vein 6 to vein 7 near termen where it is broken and above vein 7 extends to apex; the postmedial is followed by a drab shade to subterminal, this latter outbent on costa, inwardly shaded with white, evanescent from vein 7 to near termen at vein 6, then wavy, black, inbent to vein 2 and bent downward to inner margin, followed by whitish gray scaling; a fine terminal black line, preceded by small black spots; on postmedial area vein 2 is white with black spots; cilia alternately white and drab. Hind wing above as in *H. merops*; the cilia white, without spots. Fore wing below rather grayer, with an outcurved fuscous post-medial macular line with faint traces of a line beyond cell. Hind wing below with costal half to postmedial light buff, thickly irrorated with drab; some black streaks below cell near base on a large white space to inner margin and postmedial line, this latter black, dentate from costa to vein 3, then broad and downcurved, followed throughout by a broad white space; termen grayish irrorated with drab; large fuscous quadrate blotches on interspaces.

Expanse.—112 mm.

Habitat.—El Monje, Loja, Ecuador.

Type.—Cat. No. 34404, U. S. N. M.

#### ***Hyloicus chisoja*, new species**

Female.—Head and thorax purplish gray, slightly mottled with paler hairs; fine oblique black lines from vertex across collar, continuing on tegulae; tegulae dorsally edged with a black line. Abdomen dorsally purplish gray, with a fine black dorsal line; a subdorsal black spot at base; lateral pale purplish gray spots on two following segments, then white spots on next three segments, all broadly edged with black; abdomen below light purplish gray, mottled with white between segments; a black ventral line. Fore wing purplish gray with oblique paler suffusions; a black spot at base of inner margin; a double antemedial fuscous line outcurved below cell and inbent to the black spot on inner margin, with pale suffusions above and below it; a fine black line in cell above median, and a short line above it in end of cell; heavier black streaks from cell above and below vein 3; a longer black streak above vein 5 crossing the postmedial; a postmedial fuscous shade faintly double, outcurved beyond cell and dentate, below vein 3 sinuous to middle of inner margin and outwardly edged with light purplish gray; from postmedial a fine black streak above vein 6 upturned and more heavily marked at vein 7, then oblique to apex; from vein 6 to vein 2 a slightly sinuous black line outwardly edged with white which gradually expands; a fine terminal black line; cilia fuscous with small pale spots. Hind wing fuscous; base pallid purplish gray and a similar broad postmedial shade downcurved above anal angle, its anterior half suffused with cinnamon drab; cilia white, spotted with black except at anal angle and on inner margin. Fore wing below hair brown; a postmedial inbent fuscous fascia with diffuse edging followed by a fainter outcurved dark shade; a fine black streak from vein 6 to apex. Hind wing below:



Base broadly purplish gray; a broad diffuse fuscous fascia followed by a broad pale purplish gray space; termen deep purplish gray, its proximal edge with black suffusions.

Expanse.—85 mm.

Habitat.—Mexico, without precise locality.

Type.—Cat. No. 44470, U. S. N. M.

Somewhat like Druce's figure of *H. perelegans* (*nec* Edwards) which was named by Rothschild and Jordan *H. mexicanus*; they figured a male which is again a very different species.

#### ***Hyloicus balsae*, new species**

Male.—Palpi white, irrorated laterally with fuscous, above thickly mottled with black, at third joint with wood brown. Head, collar, and thorax thickly mottled buffy brown and gray, the latter shade predominating on thorax dorsally; tegulae fuscous; two black lines diverging from vertex to tegulae, the latter edged with distinct black lines. Abdomen dorsally hair brown with a fine dorsal black line, and fine black segmental lines; laterally the segments black with white segmental lines; abdomen below whitish. Fore wing drab, suffused with gray, the lines black; a subbasal line; antemedial line double, fine, macular on costa and deeply outcurved, interrupted by veins, inbent below cell, the inner line forming a fine black line to base below median, there broadly edged below by a whitish shade, the outer antemedial cinnamon below cell where crossing the white shade, then obsolete; a double medial line, outangled in cell, slightly incurved below cell, and outcurved at median and inbent to base of inner margin forming two fine and distinct black lines; a fine black line from antemedial through cell, passing between the two white black-edged spots on discocellular to the postmedial line; black lines below veins 4 and 3 from cell to subterminal line; postmedial line wavy, outcurved, followed by another double line filled in with grayish white scaling, and cut by a grayish black-edged streak on vein 6 to termen above which is a black streak to termen close to apex; subterminal line well outcurved, sinuous, hardly traceable below vein 4; an inbent line from termen at vein 5 to vein 3; a fine terminal line; cilia white, mottled with black at veins. Hind wing black; some white at base; an antemedial white shade, expanding on inner margin; a thick white postmedial line, upcurved below vein 4 and downcurved to inner margin at anal angle; cilia as on fore wing. Fore wing below deep gray suffused with hair brown; a white discal point and faint traces of postmedial lines, edged with whitish at inner margin. Hind wing below: Costa and basal half to below cell drab, irrorated with cinnamon drab, the inner margin white; a postmedial fuscous black shade narrower and intensely black at inner margin, outwardly edged broadly with white; termen similar to fore wing.

Expanse, 72 mm.

Habitat.—Balsas, Mexico.

Type.—Cat. No. 34461, U. S. N. M.

Nearest *H. lugens* Walk. Brighter colored with distinct black longitudinal lines; the postmedial white line on hind wing more deeply upcurved before inner margin.

*Cautethia simitia*, new species

Female.—Palpi below grayish white. Body above drab gray, irrorated with darker gray and hair-brown scales; abdomen with fine black segmental lines above, laterally on basal half light buff, underside whitish except on terminal three segments. Fore wing drab gray, irrorated with darker scaling; traces of subbasal black patches between veins; antemedial line double, black, outangled on median vein; a small linear quadrate black spot at discocellular, the inner edge more heavily marked, a faint dark line above it on costa, and a short black line on vein 5 beyond it; postmedial line black, outwardly edged with whitish scaling, dentate from costa to vein 3, below vein 3 straight, more heavily marked, and vertical to inner margin; terminal space with a double series of dull drab patches on interspaces, connected by grayish white scaling; a fine terminal benzo brown line expanding on interspaces. Hind wing: Basal half orange, distal half fuscous.

Expanse, 34 mm.

Habitat.—Simiti, Colombia.

Type.—Cat. No. 34445, U. S. N. M.

Conspicuous by the absence of the fuscous oblique streak at tornus of fore wing, present in all the other species.

## SATURNIIDAE

*Rothschildia coxei*, new species

Female.—Head and collar pinkish cinnamon, the latter edged with white. Thorax orange cinnamon. Abdomen pinkish cinnamon; a narrow transverse white line at base, a lateral white line divided by a cinnamon buff line; legs pinkish cinnamon, partly streaked with white. Wings above to postmedial line orange cinnamon; postmedial fine, fuscous, lunular dentate, outwardly white, followed by a narrow fuscous shade irrorated with lilacine white, then by a broad pale grayish vinaceous space distally deeply dentate on veins, narrowly edged with russet. Fore wing: an antemedial white line distally edged with fuscous, outbent to median, then inbent to near base of inner margin; the hyaline spot basally incurved, distally rounded across postmedial line, below strongly inbent, partly edged by a very fine black line; outer space brown, below vein 6 broadly ochraceous orange, limited by a fine lunular black line, above vein 6 a large white and pallid vinaceous-drab space to costa and apex, outwardly edged with ochraceous orange; between veins 6 and 7 the subterminal line enclosing a triangular black spot and a broken English red line; termen tawny olive. Hind wing: An incurved black and white line near base; the hyaline spot basally incurved, almost angular, constricted before crossing postmedial line, the broad pale grayish vinaceous space not so conspicuously dentate as on fore wing; the outer space orange cinnamon thickly irrorated with brownish drab; subterminal line fine, black, almost straight preceded by Hay's russet spots; below middle of costa an elongated oval hyaline spot edged with white and then a black line. Wings below to postmedial line clay color, the broad space beyond postmedial paler than above and extending to apex, the interspaces towards margin below vein 6 cinnamon buff. No antemedial line on fore wing; the oval spot below costa of hind wing very distinct.

Expanse, 118 mm.

Habitat.—Macas, Ecuador.

Type.—Cat. No. 34376, U. S. N. M.  
 Named in honor of its discoverer, W. Judson Coxey.  
 The whole appearance of the species is very distinct.

#### *Automeris semicaeca*, new aberration

Male.—Antenna, head, and collar cinnamon; thorax and abdomen above orange cinnamon; body below light pinkish cinnamon. Fore wing acute, somewhat falcate, orange cinnamon, the terminal space beyond line brownish vinaceous; lines light vinaceous cinnamon; antemedial vertical, inwardly dark edged; outer line from costa near apex to beyond middle of inner margin outwardly dark edged; a fine, small, dark annulus at discocellular filled in with light vinaceous cinnamon. Hind wing russet vinaceous; a small white spot at discocellular with a pointed dash of white scales extending from it distally; a fine subterminal lunular black line followed by a broader brazil red parallel line; termen narrowly light pinkish cinnamon. Fore wing below somewhat paler, more of a brownish vinaceous shade; a round black spot at discocellular containing a small white spot; outer line black, faintly wavy. Hind wing below russet vinaceous, suffused with pinkish cinnamon; a faint darker postmedial line; no discal spot.

Expanse, 72 mm.

Habitat.—Santa Catharina, Brazil.

An aberration of the reddish form of *Automeris memusae* Walker.

#### *Hylesia coarya*, new species

Male.—Antenna with red shaft and orange pectinations. Head, collar, and thorax purplish fuscous. Abdomen above raw sienna with transverse brussels brown lines, underneath vinaceous drab. Wings vinaceous drab. Fore wing: A thick fuscous line from base of costa, outbent to inner margin; a fine dark medial line outcurved to vein 2, then slightly outbent, suffusing with the similar postmedial line at inner margin; the postmedial outcurved on costa, then straight and inbent; a thick dark line on discocellular; the veins from medial line to termen finely darker; a pallid purple drab spot at apex. Hind wing: A faint darker medial shade, its edge dentate on veins; a faint subterminal shade. Wings below somewhat darker, the hind wing with a darker line from costa near apex to above middle of inner margin; the subterminal shade as above.

Expanse, 34 mm.

Habitat.—Coary, Amazons.

Type.—Cat. No. 34463, U. S. N. M.

The apex of fore wing slightly produced, rounded.

#### *Hylesia cottica*, new species

Male.—Antenna ochraceous buff. Head and thorax chaetura drab; abdomen mars brown, mottled with light buff hairs and with fuscous segmental lines. Fore wing hair brown, the medial space paler, the lines and veins finely darker; antemedial line very faint, vertical, the postmedial inbent; a faint dark shade on discocellular; a small pale smoke gray spot above vein 7 on termen; inner margin narrowly fuscous. Hind wing the same shade as medial space of fore wing, the inner margin with long darker hairs; faint traces of a subterminal line. Wings below of a uniform duller color. A distin-



guishing feature is the shape of the fore wing: The apex is bluntly produced and the termen more inbent than in the usual run of species, so the wing appears longer and narrower.

Expanse, 39 mm.

Habitat.—Moengo, Cottica River, Surinam.

Type.—Cat. No. 34464, U. S. N. M.

#### *Hylesia huyana*, new species

Female.—Head and thorax brownish drab. Abdomen cinnamon buff with clay color segmental lines. Fore wing light cinnamon drab, the terminal space pale ecru drab; an irregular darker subbasal line; a fine lunular antemedial line; a white line on discocellular; a fine dark somewhat lunular line from costa near apex to middle of inner margin. Hind wing light cinnamon drab, the veins finely darker; a fine dark line on discocellular; traces of a straight postmedial line from costa before apex to middle of inner margin, more distinct on underside. Fore wing below somewhat paler than above, the markings visible in transparency. The termen is more oblique than usual in *Hylesia*.

Expanse, 70 mm.

Habitat.—Yahuarmayo, Peru.

Type.—Cat. No. 34469, U. S. N. M.

#### *Hylesia ileana*, new species

Male.—Palpi burnt sienna. Head, collar, and tegulae cacao brown, the thorax walnut brown. Abdomen above grayish cinnamon, underneath clay color. Fore wing: Base russet vinaceous limited by a darker vertical antemedial line; medial space wider on costa than on inner margin, light russet vinaceous with a large oval russet vinaceous spot on discocellular; postmedial line vinaceous brown, slightly outcurved on costa, and inbent to inner margin; terminal space russet vinaceous, crossed by a subterminal light russet vinaceous shade from apex to tornus somewhat interrupted opposite cell; cilia kaiser brown. Hind wing deep brownish vinaceous, the veins finely darker; termen light russet vinaceous. Wings below deep brownish vinaceous, the veins darker. The fore wing is slightly produced at apex, but not acute.

Expanse, 36 mm.

Habitat.—Chiapas, Mexico.

Type.—Cat. No. 34462, U. S. N. M.

The paratypes are in the collection of Don Carlos Hoffmann, Mexico City.

#### *Hylesia orbana*, new species

Male.—Antenna cinnamon. Collar and thorax purple drab. Abdomen dull cinnamon, mottled with purple drab hairs on segments, leaving dull cinnamon segmental lines; ventral surface purple drab. Fore wing purple drab; some small antemedial pallid purple drab spots; postmedial line outcurved at costa, slightly inbent below vein 5, defined by irregular pallid purple drab scaling; a large fuscous spot at end of cell; some pale scaling on termen above vein 7. Hind wing largely purple drab; the costa paler; a postmedial and terminal light purple drab shade. Fore wing below darker; a dark streak on discocellular; postmedial and terminal paler shading. Hind wing below light cinnamon drab with darker postmedial and subterminal shading.

Female darker, the markings more of a dusky brown with fuscous suffusions at base; discal spot broader, not so round; postmedial shade broad; the termen darker shaded. Hind wing with darker veins and a curved line on discocellular.

Expanse, Male 52 mm., female 57 mm.

Habitat.—Boven, Surinam.

Type.—Cat. No. 34466, U. S. N. M.

Allied to *H. mixtiplex* Dognin.

#### *Dysdaemonia avangareza*, new species

Female.—Palpi and head benzo brown. Collar and thorax tilleul buff. Abdomen above eceru drab, underneath buffy brown; legs brownish drab. Fore wing tilleul buff suffused with avellaneous; faint traces of an outbent wood brown antemedial line; a double wood brown line widely separated, from near middle of costa, slightly excurved to the postmedial line at inner margin; a fine pale line on discocellular defined by cinnamon brown edging, followed by two elongated, large hyaline spots also finely edged with cinnamon brown, the spots distally rounded, the upper spot only slightly smaller and narrower; a fine vertical postmedial line, buffy brown, intercepted by the hyaline spots, the space beyond to outer line light cinnamon drab; outer line well marked, hair brown, outcurved below costa and inbent to postmedial line on inner margin; outer line irregularly followed by light vinaceous fawn; a large army brown spot on costa not reaching apex, its proximal edge in-curved, its distal edge sinuous; some triangular fuscous brown spots from vein 3 to inner margin close to outer line; termen suffused with army brown from apex to below vein 3 expanding at vein 4; the crenulate margin mostly edged with cinnamon brown. Hind wing: Base as on fore wing, a faint darker antemedial line vertical from costa, curved just above postmedial and upbent to inner margin, broader and diffuse; post-medial line benzo brown outwardly shaded with dusky drab then light cinnamon drab to outer line, the latter buffy brown, broad to vein 6, then inbent fuscous, narrowing to inner margin; termen broadly pale vinaceous fawn, some army brown clusters of scales from below vein 3 to inner margin close to outer line, some subterminal army brown shading from costa to vein 6; termen narrowly suffused with army brown. Wings below cinnamon drab. Fore wing: The outer line buffy brown, not so outcurved at costa; postmedial line very faint. Hind wing: Postmedial line fawn color, outer line darker.

Expanse, 131 mm.

Habitat.—Avangarez, Costa Rica.

Type.—Cat. No. 34417, U. S. N. M.

#### *Dysdaemonia guyaquila*, new species

Female.—Palpi and head benzo brown. Collar and thorax vinaceous buff. Abdomen cinnamon drab. Fore wing: Costa mostly vinaceous fawn, mottled with drab; a dark line on base of median, space below light vinaceous fawn, covered with long hairs, outwardly limited by an outbent antemedial army brown line from below cell to inner margin; a sinuous outbent medial line from subcostal, preceded by light vinaceous fawn scaling, and broadly followed by fawn color which joins the postmedial line below vein 3, the space above it to costa light vinaceous fawn enclosing two hyaline spots, the upper spot quite small, neither of them with any edging; a fine dark line on discocellular with verona brown points at upper and lower angle of cell; post-